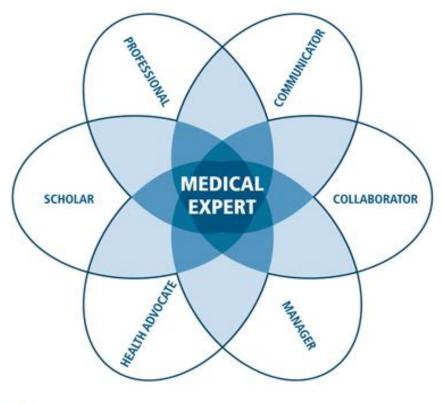
The future of medical education

Albert Scherpbier and many others





Now









Medical expert







Communicator









Collaborator









Leader





Scholar



Endomicroscopisch beeld van normaal dikke darm slijmvlies

$$X^2 = \sum \frac{\text{(o-e)}^2}{\text{e}}$$

where

 X^2 is Chi-squared,

- ∑ stands for summation,
- o is the observed values, and
- e is the expected values.



Professional

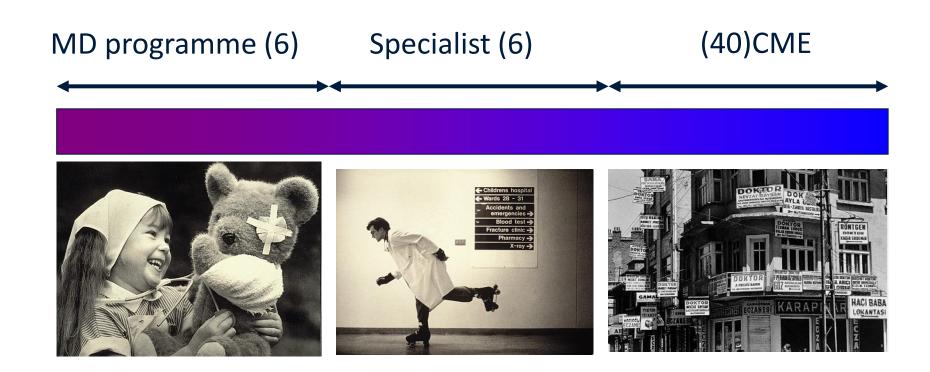


Health advocate





Educational continuum













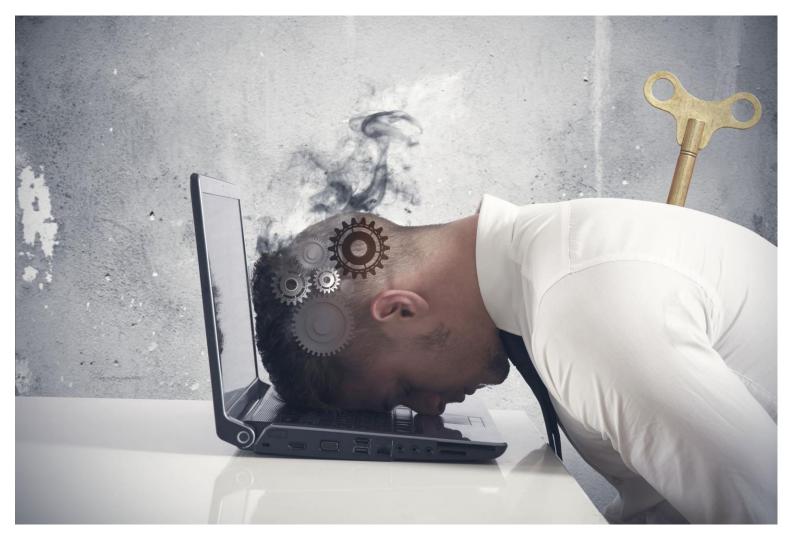
Changes

- Changing global world
- Technical and digital evolutions
- Diversity
- Change in organisation of health care
- Patient is different
- Students are different
- Ehealth
- Welbeing of students/ doctors





Burnout





Burnout

- Learn students to take care of their balance
- Organize environment so that health workers can survive
- Accept changes in work/life balance
- Learn to be flexible and learn about change
- Know your strong and weak points

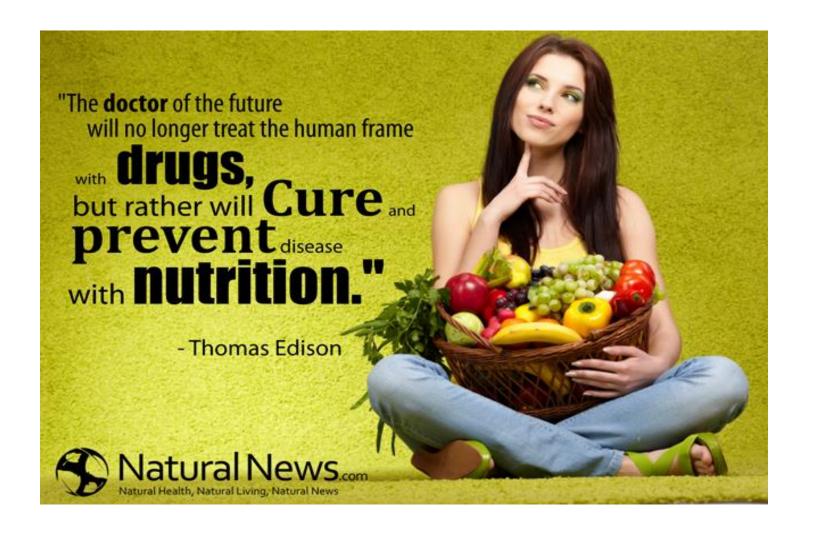


EHealth













Future doctor (preparation new programme)

- Knowledge (facts and practical)
- Digital and technical literacy
- Cultural knowledge
- Patient centered
- Holistic view
- Team player



Future doctor

- Adaptive power
- Entrepreneur
- Communicative
- Inspired
- Connect other workers
- Empathetically
- Work/life balance





Conclusion

- High expectations for a doctor
- We should not think only about medicine
- Other issues then we had in the past
- Our environment changes very fast
- Life cycle of a program will be shorter
- We need other people to help us





Lets start!











Prediction levels

- How broad is the scope
- Who should work at new programs
- Evidence for an educational approach
- Evidence for a kind of curriculum
- Organizational consequences
- Consequences for staff



How broad

- Because the whole system is changing, we should think about the whole system and the different educational programs in the system
- So it is not only the future of medical education, but about education in the health system
- And even broader, because we want to prevent that people come into the system



How broad

- Think about the whole continuum, not only about undergraduate and postgraduate. Most of the young people will have to work 40 years after their initial training
- Because of the fast changing environment learning in this 40 year will be much more important



Who should work at new programs

- Not only senior staff, but also other disciplines from the health system and not to forget patients
- And young people, like students. If you think about IT, don't ask me
- People that know the evidence about different approaches in and outside medical education, for example about change management



Evidence for an educational approach

- Huge amount of evidence in favor of PBL, but definitions are unclear, many different names are used for comparable approaches
- We can mention some important components of the approach



Educational approach

Constructive ontextual ollaborative





Educational approach

- Small groups
- Self directed learning
- Not page based
- Communication and other skills
- General competencies
- And so on



Curriculum

- No global curriculum, take your own culture into account
- Not only digital curriculum or distance education in undergraduate programs
- Different in postgraduate and later



Organizational consequences

- We need to connect with other health systems
- We need to talk with organizations that train other health workers
- We need to come out of our hospitals and think about and with the population



Organizational consequences

- We have to start working in networks, and many of you do already
- These AAHCI meetings are therefore so important
- Although we live in different cultures, the big issues about the future are often the same
- So we can learn from each other





Organizational consequences

- In a fast changing world we have to check much more if we are going in the right direction
- It is wise to invite other people to look at us, sometimes we don't see it clear
- Our organizations and budget should become flexible to be able to adapt



Control is needed, but not too much





We need others to find out the truth





Consequences for staff

- They should be able to adapt to changes, because in their future career changes will come faster then ever
- We should pay much more attention on flexible careers and not only a research career
- They need feedback, so that should be organized
- We need to organize possibilities to learn











Mission statement

To provide the best possible care

and improve health in the region

through integration of patient care, research and education





Accomplishments

- In the strategy: bridging to population
- More emphasis on prevention, participation
- Networking:
 - Bridging to other care and cure organizations (e.g. family doctors, RPHS, nursing homes, rehabilitation)
 - Bridging to other hospitals also cross-border (Belgium, Germany)
- "Keep the patient out of the hospital"







